

ADVANCED WEB PROGRAMMING (3161611)

B. E. in Information Technology Engineering

Database Programming with Node JS and MongoDB

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- Basics of MongoDB
- Data types
- Connect Node JS with MongoDB
- Operations on data (Insert, Find, Query, Sort, Delete, Update) using Node JS

- MongoDB is **cross-platform, open-source, document-oriented, no sequel (NoSQL) database**.
- NoSQL, also referred to as “not only SQL”, “non-SQL”, is **an approach to database design that enables the storage and querying of data outside the traditional structures found in relational databases**.
- Instead of storing your data in **tables and rows** as you would with a relational database, in MongoDB you store **JSON-like documents**.
- mongoDB = “**Humongous DB**”
 - Open-source
 - Document-oriented
 - “High performance, high availability”
 - Automatic scaling

Relational Database

rollno	name
6001	Umang
6002	Dhaval
6003	Ajay
6004	Rahul
6005	Keval

MongoDB Document

```
[  
  { rollno:6001 , name: "Umang" } ,  
  { rollno:6002 , name: "Dhaval" } ,  
  { rollno:6003 , name: "Ajay" } ,  
  { rollno:6004 , name: "Rahul" } ,  
  { rollno:6005 , name: "Keval" }  
]
```

- **Documents** store data with the help of **key-value** pair.
- **A Collection** is a group of documents.
- These collections are stored in the MongoDB database.

SQL	mongoDB
Row / Tuple	Document (JSON, BSON)
Table	Collection
Database	Database

Relational

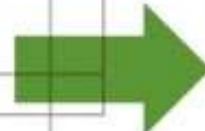
Person:

Pers_ID	Surname	First_Name	City
0	Miller	Paul	London
1	Ortega	Alvaro	Valencia
2	Huber	Urs	Zurich
3	Blanc	Gaston	Paris
4	Bertolini	Fabrizio	Rom

Car:

Car_ID	Model	Year	Value	Pers_ID
101	Bentley	1973	100000	0
102	Rolls Royce	1965	330000	0
103	Peugeot	1993	500	3
104	Ferrari	2005	150000	4
105	Renault	1998	2000	3
106	Renault	2001	7000	3
107	Smart	1999	2000	2

no relation



MongoDB Document

```
{
  first_name: 'Paul',
  surname: 'Miller'
  city: 'London',
  location: [45.123,47.232],
  cars: [
    { model: 'Bentley',
      year: 1973,
      value: 100000, ... },
    { model: 'Rolls Royce',
      year: 1965,
      value: 330000, ... }
  ]
}
```

- **JSON (JavaScript Object Notation)**

- Easy for humans to write/read, easy for computers to parse/generate
- Objects can be nested
- Built on
 - name/value pairs

- **BSON (Binary JavaScript Object Notation)**

- Binary-encoded serialization of JSON-like docs
- Goals
 - Lightweight
 - Traversable
 - Efficient (decoding and encoding)

- JSON / BSON Example (Key : Value)

```
{  
  "rollno" : "6001",  
  "name" : "Umang"  
}
```


Data types of MongoDB

- Int32 / Int64
- String
- Boolean
- Binary
- Double
- Decimal128
- MinKey / MaxKey
- Array
- Object / ObjectId
- Symbol
- Null
- Date
- TimeStamp
- BSONRegExp / BSONSymbol
- Undefined

Applications of MongoDB

- Internet of Things
- Mobile Application
- Real time analysis
- Personalization
- Catalog management
- Content management

- Ad-hoc queries for optimized, real-time analytics
 - Indexing appropriately for better query executions
 - Replication for better data availability and stability
 - Sharding
 - Load balancing
-
- Detail Reference : <https://www.mongodb.com/what-is-mongodb/features>

Download MongoDB for Windows

- Download Link-1 : <https://www.mongodb.com/try/download/community>
- Download Link-2 : <http://www.mongodb.org/downloads>.



- MongoDB Atlas
- MongoDB Enterprise Advanced
- MongoDB Community Edition
- MongoDB Community Server**
- MongoDB Community Kubernetes Operator
- Tools
- Mobile & Edge

The database is also offered as a fully-managed service with [MongoDB Atlas](#). Get access to advanced functionality such as auto-scaling, serverless instances (in preview), full-text search, and data distribution across regions and clouds. Deploy in minutes on AWS, Google Cloud, and/or Azure, with no downloads necessary.

Give it a try with a free, highly-available 512 MB cluster.

Version
6.0.4 (current) ▾

Platform
Windows ▾

Package
msi ▾

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- **Installation Steps :**

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n3onrnxcfio&list=PLFaWDe_XIA4pMorGET0zpP9qJHVO4aC6E&index=4

- **Download Link** : <https://www.mongodb.com/try/download/shell>

- MongoDB Atlas
- MongoDB Enterprise Advanced
- MongoDB Community Edition
- Tools
 - MongoDB Shell**
 - MongoDB Compass
 - Atlas CLI
 - Atlas Kubernetes Operator
 - MongoDB CLI for Cloud Manager and Ops Manager
 - MongoDB Cluster-to-Cluster Sync
 - MongoDB Database Tools
 - MongoDB Connector for BI
- Mobile & Edge

MongoDB Shell Download

MongoDB Shell is the quickest way to connect to (and work with) MongoDB. Easily query data, configure settings, and execute other actions with this modern, extensible command-line interface – replete with syntax highlighting, intelligent autocomplete, contextual help, and error messages.

Note: MongoDB Shell is an open source (Apache 2.0), standalone product developed separately from the MongoDB Server.

Learn more

Version 1.7.1

Platform Windows 64-bit (8.1+)

Package zip

Download  Copy link More Options 

Install MongoDB Shell on Windows

- **Installation Steps:**

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oC6sK1hz0OE&t=234s>

(1) Database related Commands

(2) Collection related Commands

(3) Document related Commands

(1) Create Database

Syntax: use Database_name

Example: use PracticeDB

(2) Display Database

Syntax: show dbs

(3) Drop Database

Syntax: db.dropDatabase()

(1) Create Collections

Syntax: `db.createCollection(name)`

Example: `db.createCollection("students")`

(2) Display Collection

Syntax: `show collections`

(3) Drop Collection

Syntax: `db.collection_name.drop()`

Example: `db.students.drop()`

- **List of CRUD Operations for Documents**

1. Create
2. Read
3. Update
4. Delete

- Create or insert operations add new documents to a collection. If the collection does not currently exist, insert operations will create the collection.
- Syntax:
 - `db.collection.insertOne()`
 - `db.collection.insertMany()`
- Example:
 - `db.students.insertOne ({ rollno:6001 , name: "Umang" })`
 - `db.students.insertMany ([
 { rollno:6002 , name: "Dhaval" } ,
 { rollno:6003 , name: "Ajay" }
])`

- Read operations retrieve documents from a collection; i.e. query a collection for documents. MongoDB provides the following methods to read documents from a collection:

- Syntax:

- `db.collection.find()`

- Example:

- `db.students.find()`

- `db.students.find ({ rollno : 6001 })`

- `db.students.find ({ rollno : { $in: [6001 , 6003] } })`

- Update operations modify existing documents in a collection. MongoDB provides the following methods to update documents of a collection:

- Syntax:

- `db.collection.updateOne()`
- `db.collection.updateMany()`

- Example:

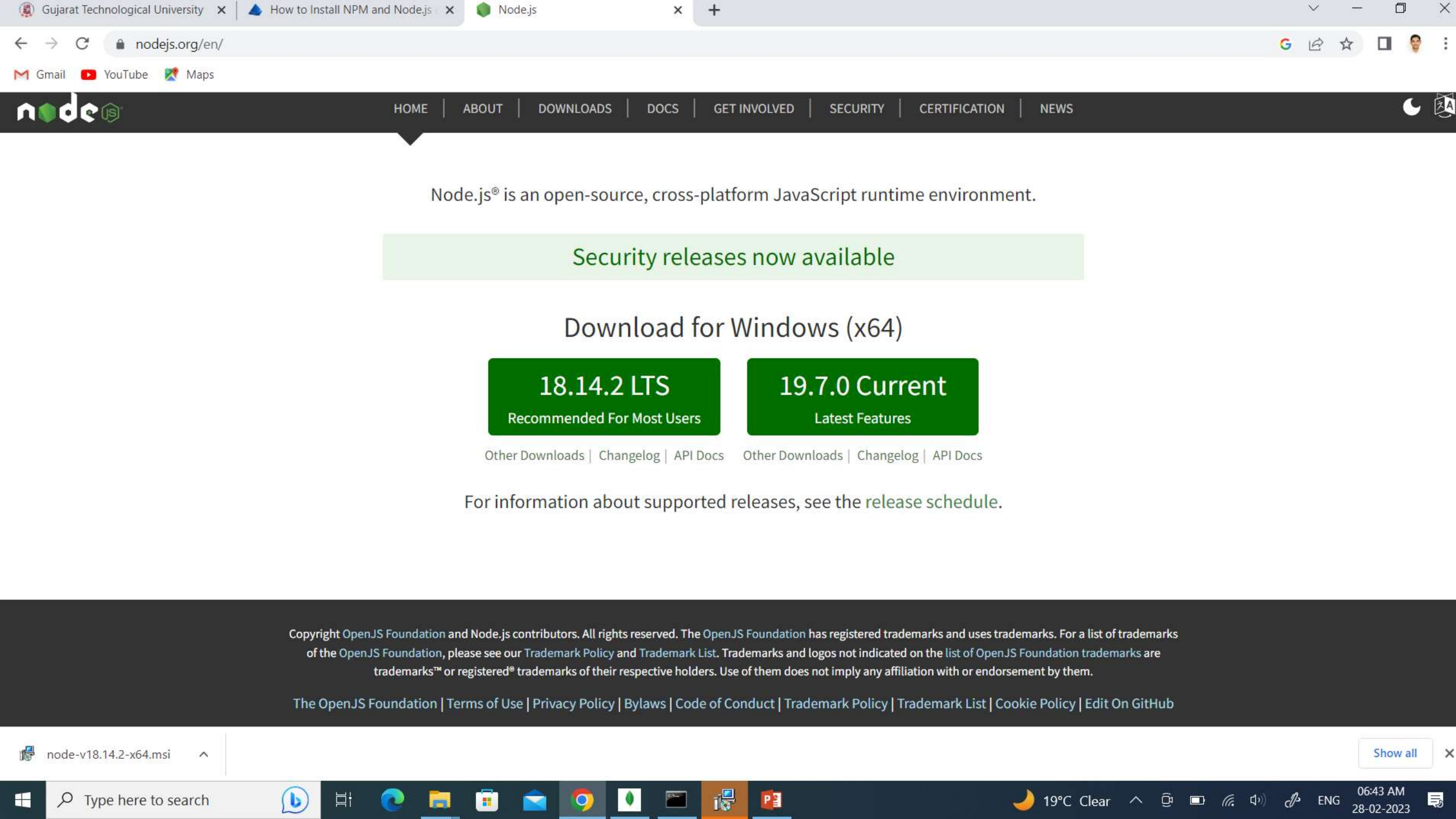
- `db.students.updateOne({ rollno : 6002 }, { $set: { name : "Ajay" } })`
- `db.students.updateMany({ rollno : { $gt : 6160 } }, { $set { name : "Undefine" } })`

- Delete operations remove documents from a collection. MongoDB provides the following methods to delete documents of a collection:
 - Syntax:
 - `db.collection.deleteOne()`
 - `db.collection.deleteMany()`
 - Example:
 - `db.students.deleteOne ({ rollno : 6160 })`
 - `db.students.deleteMany ({ rollno : 6160 })`

- Node.js is a cross-platform, JavaScript environment on the server
- It is powered by Google's V8 JavaScript engine
- It provides modules for interacting with local system resources such as processes, file system, networking, etc...

Download Node.js on Windows

- Download Link : <https://nodejs.org/en/>



Node.js® is an open-source, cross-platform JavaScript runtime environment.

Security releases now available

Download for Windows (x64)

18.14.2 LTS
Recommended For Most Users

19.7.0 Current
Latest Features

[Other Downloads](#) | [Changelog](#) | [API Docs](#) [Other Downloads](#) | [Changelog](#) | [API Docs](#)

For information about supported releases, see the [release schedule](#).

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node-v18.14.2-x64.msi

Show all

Install npm package of mongodb

`project_path > npm install mongodb`

Package Details: <https://www.npmjs.com/package/mongodb>

```
const { MongoClient } = require('mongodb');

// Connection URL
const url = 'mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017';
const client = new MongoClient(url);

// Database Name
const dbName = 'practiceDB';
```

```
async function main() {
  // Use connect method to connect to the server
  await client.connect();
  console.log('Connected successfully to server');
  const db = client.db(dbName);
  const collection = db.collection('students');

  // CRUD Operation Code

  return 'done.';
}

main()
  .then(console.log)
  .catch(console.error)
  .finally(() => client.close());
```

- Insert operations add new documents to a collection. MongoDB provides the following methods to insert documents into a collection:

- Syntax:

- `collection.insertOne()`
- `collection.insertMany()`

- Example:

- `collection.insertOne ({ rollno:6001 , name: "Umang" })`
- `collection.insertMany ([
 { rollno:6002 , "name": "Dhaval" } ,
 { rollno:6003 , "name": "Ajay" }
])`

MongoDB-NodeJS Insert Operations

```
// insertOne() Operation Code
```

```
const insertResult = await collection.insertOne(  
  { rollno: 6001 , name:"Umang" });
```

```
console.log('Inserted documents =>', insertResult);
```

```
// insertMany() Operation Code
```

```
const insertResult = await collection.insertMany([  
  { rollno: 6002 , name:"Dhaval" },  
  { rollno: 6003 , name:"Ajay" } ]);
```

```
console.log('Inserted documents =>', insertResult);
```

- Find operations retrieve documents from a collection; i.e. query a collection for documents. MongoDB provides the following methods to retrieve documents from a collection:

- Syntax:

- `collection.find({}).toArray()`

- Example:

- `db.students.find({}).toArray()`

- `db.students.find ({"rollno":6001}) .toArray()`

- `db.students.find ({ "rollno" : { $in: [6001 , 6003] } }) .toArray()`

MongoDB-NodeJS Find Operations

```
// Read: find() Operation...  
const findResult = await collection.find({}).toArray();  
console.log('Found documents =>', findResult);
```

```
// Read: find() Operation...
const queryResult = await collection.find({rollno:6001}).toArray();
console.log('Found documents =>', queryResult);
```

```
// Read: find() Operation...
const queryResult = await collection.find(
  {rollno:{$in:[6001,6003]}}).toArray();
console.log('Found documents =>', queryResult);
```

```
// Sort() Operation...
const sortResult = await collection.find({}).sort( {rollno:1}
).toArray();

console.log('Sorted documents =>', sortResult);
```

- Update operations modify existing documents in a collection. MongoDB provides the following methods to update documents of a collection:
- Syntax:
 - `collection.updateOne()`
 - `collection.updateMany()`
- Example:
 - `collection.updateOne({ rollno : 6001 }, { $set: { name : "ajay" } })`
 - `collection.updateMany({ rollno : 6002 }, { $set: { name : "dipak" } })`

MongoDB-NodeJS Update Operations

```
// updateOne() Operation...
```

```
const updateResult = await collection.updateOne(  
  { rollno: 6001 }, { $set: { name: "ajay" } });
```

```
console.log('Updated documents =>', updateResult);
```

```
// updateMany() Operation...
```

```
const updateResult = await collection.updateMany(  
  { rollno: 6002 }, { $set: { name: "dipak" } });
```

```
console.log('Updated documents =>', updateResult);
```

- Delete operations remove documents from a collection. MongoDB provides the following methods to delete documents of a collection:
 - Syntax:
 - `collection.deleteOne()`
 - `collection.deleteMany()`
 - Example:
 - `collection.deleteOne ({ rollno : 6001})`
 - `collection.deleteMany ({ rollno : 6002})`


```
// deleteOne() Operation...
const deleteResult = await collection.deleteOne (
  { rollno: 6001 });
console.log('Deleted documents =>', deleteResult );

// deleteMany() Operation...
const deleteResult = await collection.deleteMany (
  { rollno: 6002 });
console.log('Deleted documents =>', deleteResult );
```